## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A radiation image acquisition apparatus, comprising: a sensor for spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object; and

a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object,

wherein an interval of elements of said scattered ray
removing grid is set such that a spatial frequency of a
stripe pattern, in said image, which originates from said
scattered ray removing grid becomes not less than 1/3 and
not greater than 40% of a sampling frequency that is a
reciprocal of said spatial sampling interval.

- 2. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said scattered ray removing grid is used without being moved during acquisition of said image by said sensor.
  - 3. The apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising an image processing unit for removing said
- stripe pattern which originates from said scattered ray removing grid by filtering said image.
  - 4. The apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said image processing unit performs said removing in accordance with operation performed by an operator.
- 5. The apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said image processing unit performs said removing in accordance with an application purpose of said image.

- 6. The apparatus according to claim 5, wherein said image processing unit performs said removing if the purpose is to perform spatial frequency emphasis processing for said image.
- 7. The apparatus according to claim 5, wherein said image processing unit performs no said removing if the purpose is to perform display or hard copy operation of said image on a scale not less than 100%.
- 8. The apparatus according to claim 5, wherein said image processing unit performs said removing if the purpose is to perform display or hard copy operation of said image upon reduction of said image.
  - 9. The apparatus according to claim 5, wherein said image processing unit performs no said removing if the purpose is to store said image.

- 10. The apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said image processing unit performs said removing in accordance with a portion to be imaged of said object.
- 11. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein said 20 image processing unit performs no said removing if the portion is a bone portion.
  - 12. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein said image processing unit performs no said removing if the portion is a pelvis or joint portion.
- 25 13. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein said image processing unit performs said removing if the portion is a chest or abdominal portion.

- 14. The apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said image processing unit performs said removing in accordance with an amplitude of said stripe pattern.
- 15. The apparatus according to claim 14, wherein said image processing unit performs said removing if the amplitude of said stripe pattern is larger than a predetermined threshold.
- 16. A radiation image acquisition method of spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using a sensor and a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object, comprising:
- removing grid such that a spatial frequency of a stripe pattern, in said image, which originates from said scattered ray removing grid becomes not less than 1/3 and not greater than 40% of a sampling frequency that is a reciprocal of said spatial sampling interval.
- 20 17. The method according to claim 16, wherein said scattered ray removing grid is used without being moved during acquisition of said image by said sensor.
  - 18. A radiation image acquisition apparatus, comprising:
    a sensor for spatially sampling a radiation
- transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object; and

a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object,

wherein an interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid is set such that a spatial frequency that is a reciprocal of said interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid is within  $fs(n+1/3) \sim fs(n+0.4)$  or  $fs(n+0.6) \sim fs(n+2/3)$ , where 1/fs is said spatial sampling interval and n is an integer not less than 0.

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- 19. The apparatus according to claim 18, wherein said scattered ray removing grid is used without being moved during acquisition of said image by said sensor.
  - 20. A radiation image acquisition method of spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using a sensor and a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object, comprising:

setting an interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid such that a spatial frequency that is a reciprocal of said interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid is within  $fs(n+1/3) \sim fs(n+0.4)$  or  $fs(n+0.6) \sim fs(n+2/3)$ , where 1/fs is said spatial sampling interval and n is an integer not less than 0.

- 21. The method according to claim 20, wherein said
  25 scattered ray removing grid is used without being moved during acquisition of said image by said sensor.
  - 22. A radiation image acquisition apparatus, comprising:

an image acquisition unit for spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object;

an image processing unit for removing a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing; and

- a selection unit for allowing selection between

  removal and nonremoval of said stripe pattern by using said

  image processing unit, wherein the selection is performed

  in accordance with an application purpose.
  - 23. The apparatus according to claim 22, wherein said image processing unit removes said stripe pattern by
- 15 filtering.

- 24. The apparatus according to claim 22, wherein said selection unit selects between removal and nonremoval of said stripe pattern in accordance with operation performed by an operator.
- 20 25. The apparatus according to claim 22, wherein said selection unit selects removal of said stripe pattern if the purpose is to perform spatial frequency emphasis processing for said image.
- 26. The apparatus according to claim 22, wherein said selection unit selects nonremoval of said stripe pattern if the purpose is to perform display or hard copy operation of said image on a scale not less than 100%.

- 27. The apparatus according to claim 22, wherein said selection unit selects removal of said stripe pattern if the purpose is to perform display or hard copy operation of said image upon reduction of said image.
- 5 28: The apparatus according to claim 22, wherein said selection unit selects nonremoval of said stripe pattern if the purpose is to store said image.
- 29. A radiation image acquisition apparatus, comprising:

  an image acquisition unit for spatially sampling a

  10 radiation transmission distribution of an object to be

  imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing

  scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling

  interval and acquiring an image of said object;
  - an image processing unit for removing a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing; and

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a selection unit for allowing selection between removal and nonremoval of said stripe pattern by using said image processing unit, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with a portion to be imaged of said object.

- 30. The apparatus according to claim 29, wherein said selection unit selects nonremoval of said stripe pattern if the portion is a bone portion.
- 31. The apparatus according to claim 29, wherein said selection unit selects nonremoval of said stripe pattern if the portion is a pelvis or joint portion.
  - 32. The apparatus according to claim 29, wherein said

selection unit selects removal of said stripe pattern if the portion is a chest or abdominal portion.

33. A radiation image acquisition apparatus, comprising:

an image acquisition unit for spatially sampling a
radiation transmission distribution of an object to be
imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing
scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling
interval and acquiring an image of said object;

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an image processing unit for removing a stripe

10 pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid
from said image by image processing; and

a selection unit for allowing selection between removal and nonremoval of said stripe pattern by using said image processing unit, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with an amplitude of said stripe pattern.

34. The apparatus according to claim 33, wherein said selection unit selects removal of said stripe pattern if the amplitude of said stripe pattern is larger than a predetermined threshold.

35. A radiation image acquisition apparatus, comprising:

an image acquisition unit for spatially sampling a
radiation transmission distribution on an object to be
imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing
scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling
interval and acquiring an image of said object;

an image processing unit for removing a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid

from said image by image processing; and

a selection unit for allowing selection between removal and nonremoval of said stripe pattern by using said image processing unit, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with a magnitude of contrast of said stripe pattern.

36. A radiation image acquisition method, comprising: a step of spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object;

a step of selecting between removal and nonremoval of a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with an application purpose; and

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a step of removing said stripe pattern by image processing in accordance with the selection.

a step of selecting between removal and nonremoval of a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray

removing grid from said image by image processing, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with a portion to be imaged of said object; and

a step of removing said stripe pattern by image processing in accordance with the selection.

38. A radiation image acquisition method, comprising:
 a step of spatially sampling a radiation transmission
distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered
ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said
object at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image
of said object;

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a step of selecting between removal and nonremoval of a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with an amplitude of said stripe pattern; and

a step of removing said stripe pattern by image processing in accordance with the selection.

39. A radiation image acquisition method, comprising:
a step of spatially sampling a radiation transmission

distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object;

a step of selecting between removal and nonremoval of a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing, wherein

the selection is performed in accordance with a magnitude of contrast of said stripe pattern; and

a step of removing said stripe pattern by image processing in accordance with the selection.

5 40. A radiation image processing apparatus for processing an image acquired by spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling interval, comprising:

an image processing unit for removing a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing; and

a selection unit for allowing selection between

removal and nonremoval of said stripe pattern by using said
image processing unit, wherein the selection is performed
in accordance with an application purpose.

41. A radiation image processing apparatus for processing an image acquired by spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling interval, comprising:

an image processing unit for removing a stripe

25 pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid
from said image by image processing; and

a selection unit for allowing selection between

removal and nonremoval of said stripe pattern by using said image processing unit, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with a portion to be imaged of said object.

- 42. A radiation image processing apparatus for

  5 processing an image acquired by spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said-object at a spatial sampling interval, comprising:
- an image processing unit for removing a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing; and

a selection unit for allowing selection between removal and nonremoval of said stripe pattern by using said image processing unit, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with an amplitude of said stripe pattern.

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43. A radiation image processing apparatus for processing an image acquired by spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling interval, comprising:

an image processing unit for removing a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing; and

a selection unit for allowing selection between removal and nonremoval of said stripe pattern by using said

image processing unit, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with a magnitude of contrast of said stripe pattern.

- 44. A radiation image processing method of processing an image acquired by spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling interval, comprising:
- a step of selecting between removal and nonremoval of a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with an application purpose; and
- a step of removing said stripe pattern by image processing in accordance with the selection.
- 45. A radiation image processing method of processing an image acquired by spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling interval, comprising:

a step of selecting between removal and nonremoval of a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with a portion to be imaged of said object; and

a step of removing said stripe pattern by image processing in accordance with the selection.

- 46. A radiation image processing method of processing an image acquired by spatially sampling a radiation
- transmission distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling interval, comprising:
- a step of selecting between removal and nonremoval

  of a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray
  removing grid from said image by image processing, wherein
  the selection is performed in accordance with an amplitude
  of said stripe pattern; and
- a step of removing said stripe pattern by image processing in accordance with the selection.
  - 47. A radiation image processing method of processing an image acquired by spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged through a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object at a spatial sampling interval, comprising:

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- a step of selecting between removal and nonremoval of a stripe pattern originating from said scattered ray removing grid from said image by image processing, wherein the selection is performed in accordance with a magnitude of contrast of said stripe pattern; and
  - a step of removing said stripe pattern by image

processing in accordance with the selection.

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48. A design method of designing at least one of a sensor and a scattered ray removing grid used for an apparatus for spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using said sensor and said scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object, comprising:

of said scattered ray removing grid and said spatial sampling interval of said sensor such that a spatial frequency of a stripe pattern, in said image, which originates from said scattered ray removing grid becomes not less than 1/3 and not greater than 40% of a sampling frequency that is a reciprocal of said spatial sampling interval.

49. A design method of designing at least one of a sensor and a scattered ray removing grid used for an apparatus for spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using said sensor and said scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object, comprising:

determining at least one of an interval of elements

of said scattered ray removing grid and said spatial

sampling interval of said sensor such that a spatial

frequency that is a reciprocal of said interval of elements

of said scattered ray removing grid is within  $fs(n+1/3) \sim fs(n+0.4)$  or  $fs(n+0.6) \sim fs(n+2/3)$ , where 1/fs is said spatial sampling interval and n is an integer not less than 0.

5 50. A radiographic apparatus, comprising:

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- a sensor for spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object; and
- a grid for reducing scattered radiation from said object,

wherein a sampling frequency Fs of said sensor as a reciprocal of the spatial sampling interval and a spatial frequency Fg of said grid as a reciprocal of an interval of shades of elements of said grid on an image-receiving surface of said sensor substantially satisfy  $Fg = j \cdot Fs/3$ , where j is a positive integer except for multiples of three.

- 51. The apparatus according to claim 50, wherein the frequency Fs falls within a range of 5 to 10 cyc/mm, and j is two.
  - 52. The apparatus according to claim 50, further comprising an image processing unit for removing an image component originating from said grid from the image.
- 53. The apparatus according to claim 50, wherein said sensor has a pixel adding function of multiplying the spatial sampling interval by a natural number except for a multiple of three.

- 54. The apparatus according to claim 50, wherein said sensor is a direct sensor for directly converting the radiation transmission distribution into a charge distribution.
- 55. The apparatus according to claim 50, wherein said sensor is an indirect sensor for converting the radiation transmission distribution into a light intensity distribution by using a phosphor and converting the light intensity distribution into a charge distribution.
- 10 56. The apparatus according to claim 50, wherein the frequency Fs and the frequency Fg substantially satisfy  $\frac{\left|j_1Fs-Fg\right|-\left|j_2Fs-2Fg\right|}{\frac{1}{2}Fs}\leq 0.05$

with  $j_1$  and  $j_2$  being so selected as to satisfy  $|j_1Fs - Fg|$  < Fs/2 and  $|j_2Fs - 2Fg| < Fs/2$ .

- 15 57. A radiographic method of spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval by using a sensor and a grid for reducing scattered radiation from said object, and acquiring an image of said object, comprising:
- acquiring an image of said object such that a sampling frequency Fs of said sensor as a reciprocal of the spatial sampling interval and a spatial frequency Fg of said grid as a reciprocal of an interval of shades of elements of said grid on an image-receiving surface of said sensor
- substantially satisfy Fg = j·Fs/3, where j is a positive integer except for multiples of three.

- 58. The method according to claim 57, wherein the frequency Fs falls within a range of 5 to 10 cyc/mm, and j is two.
- 59. The method according to claim 57, wherein the frequency Fs and the frequency Fg substantially satisfy

$$\frac{\left|j_{1}Fs - Fg\right| - \left|j_{2}Fs - 2Fg\right|}{\frac{1}{3}Fs} \le 0.05$$

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with  $j_1$  and  $j_2$  being so selected as to satisfy  $|j_1Fs - Fg|$  < Fs/2 and  $|j_2Fs - 2Fg| < Fs/2$ .

- 60. A design method of designing at least one of a sensor and a grid used for a radiographic apparatus for spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using said sensor and said grid for reducing scattered rays from said object, comprising:
- interval of said sensor and an interval of elements of said grid such that a sampling frequency Fs of said sensor as a reciprocal of the spatial sampling interval and a spatial frequency Fg of said grid as a reciprocal of an interval of shades of elements of said grid on an image-receiving surface of said sensor substantially satisfy Fg = j·Fs/3, where j is a positive integer except for multiples of three.
- a sensor for spatially sampling a radiation 25 transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a

spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said

A radiation image acquisition apparatus, comprising:

object; and

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a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object,

wherein an interval of elements of said scattered ray

removing grid is set such that a spatial frequency of a

stripe pattern, in said image, which originates from said

scattered ray removing grid becomes not greater than 40%

of a sampling frequency that is a reciprocal of said spatial

sampling interval.

- 10 62. The apparatus according to claim 61, wherein the spatial frequency of the stripe pattern becomes not less than 25% of the sampling frequency.
  - 63. The apparatus according to claim 61, wherein the spatial frequency of the stripe pattern becomes not less than 30% of the sampling frequency.
  - 64. A radiation image acquisition method of spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using a sensor and a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object, comprising:

setting an interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid such that a spatial frequency of a stripe pattern, in said image, which originates from said

25 scattered ray removing grid becomes not greater than 40% of a sampling frequency that is a reciprocal of said spatial sampling interval.

- 65. The method according to claim 64, wherein the spatial frequency of the stripe pattern becomes not less than 25% of the sampling frequency.
- 66. The method according to claim 64, wherein the spatial
  5 frequency of the stripe pattern becomes not less than 30%
  of the sampling frequency.
  - 67. A radiation image acquisition apparatus, comprising:
     a sensor for spatially sampling a radiation
     transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a
     spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said
     object; and

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a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object,

wherein an interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid is set such that a spatial frequency that is a reciprocal of said interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid is within  $fs(n+0.25) \sim fs(n+0.4)$  or  $fs(n+0.6) \sim fs(n+0.75)$ , where 1/fs is said spatial sampling interval and n is an integer not less than 0.

- a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object,

wherein an interval of elements of said scattered ray

removing grid is set such that a spatial frequency that is a reciprocal of said interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid is within  $fs(n+0.3) \sim fs(n+0.4)$  or  $fs(n+0.6) \sim fs(n+0.7)$ , where 1/fs is said spatial sampling interval and n is an integer not less than 0.

69. A radiation image acquisition method of spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using a sensor and a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object, comprising:

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setting an interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid such that a spatial frequency that is a reciprocal of said interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid is within  $fs(n+0.25) \sim fs(n+0.4)$  or  $fs(n+0.6) \sim fs(n+0.75)$ , where 1/fs is said spatial sampling interval and n is an integer not less than 0.

70. A radiation image acquisition method of spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using a sensor and a scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object, comprising:

setting an interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid such that a spatial frequency that is a reciprocal of said interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid is within  $fs(n+0.3) \sim fs(n+0.4)$  or

 $fs(n+0.6) \sim fs(n+0.7)$ , where 1/fs is said spatial sampling interval and n is an integer not less than 0.

- 71. A design method of designing at least one of a sensor and a scattered ray removing grid used for an apparatus for spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using said sensor and said scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object, comprising:
- of said scattered ray removing grid and said spatial sampling interval of said sensor such that a spatial frequency of a stripe pattern, in said image, which originates from said scattered ray removing grid becomes not greater than 40% of a sampling frequency that is a reciprocal of said spatial sampling interval.
  - 72. The method according to claim 71, wherein the spatial frequency of the stripe pattern becomes not less than 25% of the sampling frequency.
- 73. The method according to claim 71, wherein the spatial frequency of the stripe pattern becomes not less than 30% of the sampling frequency.
  - 74. A design method of designing at least one of a sensor and a scattered ray removing grid used for an apparatus for spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using said sensor and

said scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object, comprising:

determining at least one of an interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid and said spatial sampling interval of said sensor such that a spatial frequency that is a reciprocal of said interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid is within fs(n+0.25) ~ fs(n+0.4) or fs(n+0.6) ~ fs(n+0.75), where 1/fs is said spatial sampling interval and n is an integer not less than 0.

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75. A design method of designing at least one of a sensor and a scattered ray removing grid used for an apparatus for spatially sampling a radiation transmission distribution of an object to be imaged at a spatial sampling interval and acquiring an image of said object using said sensor and said scattered ray removing grid for removing scattered rays from said object, comprising:

determining at least one of an interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid and said spatial sampling interval of said sensor such that a spatial frequency that is a reciprocal of said interval of elements of said scattered ray removing grid is within  $fs(n+0.3) \sim fs(n+0.4)$  or  $fs(n+0.6) \sim fs(n+0.7)$ , where 1/fs is said spatial sampling interval and n is an integer not less than 0.